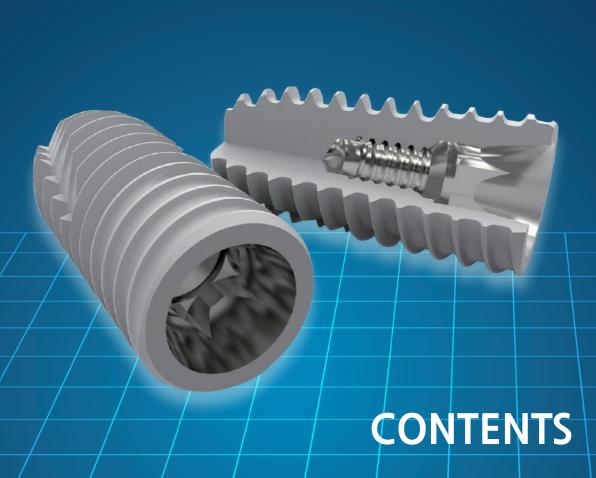


PRODUCT CATALOG

2024 STERI-OSS CATALOG -Rev03







FIXTURE DESIGN

BONE LEVEL SYSTEM

TISSUE LEVEL SYSTEM

SURGICAL KIT & INSTRUMENT

GBR PRODUCT

SURGICAL INSTRUMENT

Fixture Design.





Connection

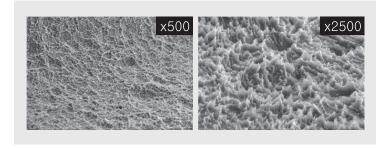
- Submerged type implant with an internal hex 11° taper connection structure
- Optimum screw thread design for SLA surface to achieve consistent roughness
- Taper body design with superior initial stability
- Highest initial stability in soft bone by using upper-section thread and body design
- Powerful self-threading effect using cutting edge design
- Acquires the initial stability needed in immediate loading even in soft bone

Cutting Edge Design

The cutting edge which applied to fixture designed to have optimum torque at the all the bone conditions. It is applied and divided by length and size. Added cutting edge to the body thread design could make convenient work for the modification of path and self tapping.

S.L.A Surface

Surface of fixture are excellent in morphology and roughness, increased 50% of the surface area than RBM. The SLA surface and the entire taper shape of Steri-oss fixture could get enough initial fix.





PACKAGE DESIGN



Open the package box by pushing the push part in the front side



02Separate the cover by turning the orange color Outer Cap



03 Take out the Ampule



O4

It is more conveniently could open if you rotate the transparent cover with the product upward



05Connect the Handpiece connector with Fixture



O6
Should check the upper part of fixture meet with low part of Marking Line



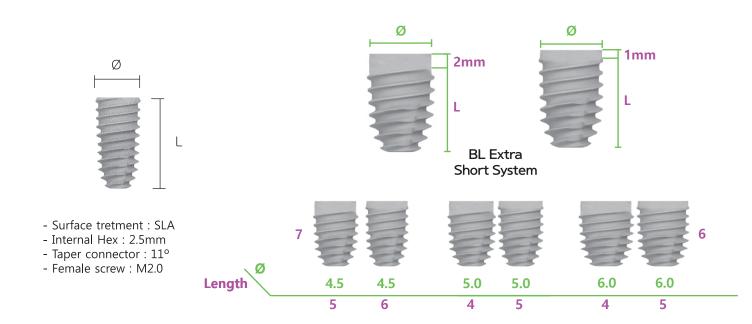
O7
Check the Cover Screw
by open the white silicone
cap in the opposite direction



08
Connect the Cover screw with Fixture using
1.2 Hex driver.



STERIOSS IMPLANT BL(Bone Level) SYSTEM Reference Code.



Length	F3.5(Ø3.8)	F4.0 (Ø4.2)	F4.5(Ø4.6)	Length	F5.0 (Ø5.1)	F6.0 (Ø6.0)
5			SD4505S	4	SD5004S	SD6004S
6			SD4506S	5	SD5005S	SD6005S
7	SD3507	SD4007	SD4507	6	SD5006	SD6006
8	SD3508	SD4008	SD4508	7	SD5007	SD6007
9	SD3509	SD4009	SD4509	8	SD5008	SD6008
10	SD3510	SD4010	SD4510	9	SD5009	SD6009
11	SD3511	SD4011	SD4511	10	SD5010	SD6010
12	SD3512	SD4012	SD4512	11	SD5011	SD6011
13	SD3513	SD4013	SD4513	12	SD5012	SD6012
				13	SD5013	SD6013

Cover Screw





- Long size is used in deep implant insertion
- 1.2mm Hex driver



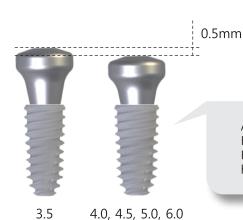
Healing Abutment



- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 5~8Ncm

Height	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5
3	AM2HAR403	AM2HAR453	AM2HAR503	AM2HAR553	AM2HAR603	AM2HAR653
4	AM2HAR404	AM2HAR454	AM2HAR504	AM2HAR554	AM2HAR604	AM2HAR654
5	AM2HAR405	AM2HAR455	AM2HAR505	AM2HAR555	AM2HAR605	AM2HAR655
6	AM2HAR406	AM2HAR456	AM2HAR506	AM2HAR556	AM2HAR606	AM2HAR656
7	AM2HAR407	AM2HAR457	AM2HAR507	AM2HAR557	AM2HAR607	AM2HAR657
8	AM2HAR408	AM2HAR458	AM2HAR508	AM2HAR558	AM2HAR608	AM2HAR658
9	AM2HAR409	AM2HAR459	AM2HAR509	AM2HAR559	AM2HAR609	AM2HAR659
10		AM2HAR4510	AM2HAR5010		AM2HAR6010	
11		AM2HAR4511	AM2HAR5011		AM2HAR6011	

Connection Guide

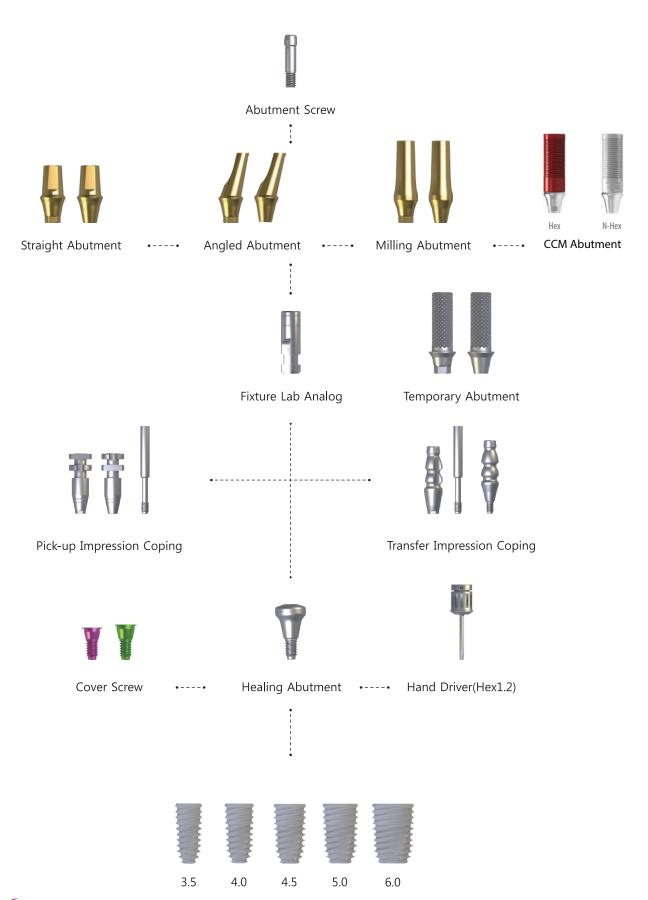


All abutment except the cover screw could use to all Fixture in common. But the over 4.0mm connection are 0.5mm higher than 3.5mm connection For example if use 4.0mm height healing abutment to \emptyset 4.0mm fixture the height to upper part are 4mm but it shall be 4.5mm if it us to \emptyset 3.5mm Fixture



PROSTHETICS FLOW DIAGRAMS.

Screw & Cement Retained Restoration



Reference Code.

Solid Abutment



- Used in producing cement-retained prostheticsGold coloring for improved aesthetics
- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

	\ Ø				
	Cuff	4.0	4.5	5.0	6.0
Pŀ	1	AM2SAR401040	AM2SAR451040	AM2SAR501040	AM2SAR601040
4	2	AM2SAR402040	AM2SAR452040	AM2SAR502040	AM2SAR602040
	3	AM2SAR403040	AM2SAR453040	AM2SAR503040	AM2SAR603040
	4	AM2SAR404040	AM2SAR454040	AM2SAR504040	AM2SAR604040
	5	AM2SAR405040	AM2SAR455040	AM2SAR505040	AM2SAR605040
	6	AM2SAR406040	AM2SAR456040	AM2SAR506040	AM2SAR606040
	1	AM2SAR401055	AM2SAR451055	AM2SAR501055	AM2SAR601055
	2	AM2SAR402055	AM2SAR452055	AM2SAR502055	AM2SAR602055
Pŀ	3	AM2SAR403055	AM2SAR453055	AM2SAR503055	AM2SAR603055
5.!	5 4	AM2SAR404055	AM2SAR454055	AM2SAR504055	AM2SAR604055
	5	AM2SAR405055	AM2SAR455055	AM2SAR505055	AM2SAR605055
:S	6	AM2SAR406055	AM2SAR456055	AM2SAR506055	AM2SAR606055
	1	AM2SAR401070	AM2SAR451070	AM2SAR501070	AM2SAR601070
	2	AM2SAR402070	AM2SAR452070	AM2SAR502070	AM2SAR602070
Pŀ	3	AM2SAR403070	AM2SAR453070	AM2SAR503070	AM2SAR603070
7	4	AM2SAR404070	AM2SAR454070	AM2SAR504070	AM2SAR604070
	5	AM2SAR405070	AM2SAR455070	AM2SAR505070	AM2SAR605070
	6	AM2SAR406070	AM2SAR456070	AM2SAR506070	AM2SAR606070



Straight Abutment (HEX)

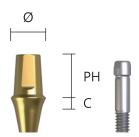


- Used in producing cement-retained prosthetics
- Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

Cu	ff	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5
	1	AM2STR401040H	AM2STR451040H	AM2STR501040H	AM2STR551040H	AM2STR601040H	AM2STR651040H
РН	2	AM2STR402040H	AM2STR452040H	AM2STR502040H	AM2STR552040H	AM2STR602040H	AM2STR652040H
4	3	AM2STR403040H	AM2STR453040H	AM2STR503040H	AM2STR553040H	AM2STR603040H	AM2STR653040H
	4	AM2STR403040H	AM2STR454040H	AM2STR504040H	AM2STR554040H	AM2STR604040H	AM2STR654040H
	5	AM2STR405040H	AM2STR455040H	AM2STR505040H	AM2STR555040H	AM2STR605040H	AM2STR655040H
	6	AM2STR406040H	AM2STR456040H	AM2STR506040H	AM2STR556040H	AM2STR606040H	AM2STR656040H
	1	AM2STR401055H	AM2STR451055H	AM2STR501055H	AM2STR551055H	AM2STR601055H	AM2STR651055H
PH	2	AM2STR402055H	AM2STR452055H	AM2STR502055H	AM2STR552055H	AM2STR602055H	AM2STR652055H
5.5	3	AM2STR403055H	AM2STR453055H	AM2STR503055H	AM2STR553055H	AM2STR603055H	AM2STR653055H
	4	AM2STR403055H	AM2STR454055H	AM2STR504055H	AM2STR554055H	AM2STR604055H	AM2STR654055H
	5	AM2STR405055H	AM2STR455055H	AM2STR505055H	AM2STR555055H	AM2STR605055H	AM2STR655055H
	6	AM2STR406055H	AM2STR456055H	AM2STR506055H	AM2STR556055H	AM2STR606055H	AM2STR656055H
	1	AM2STR401070H	AM2STR451070H	AM2STR501070H	AM2STR551070H	AM2STR601070H	AM2STR651070H
PH	2	AM2STR402070H	AM2STR452070H	AM2STR502070H	AM2STR552070H	AM2STR602070H	AM2STR652070H
7	3	AM2STR403070H	AM2STR453070H	AM2STR503070H	AM2STR553070H	AM2STR603070H	AM2STR653070H
	4	AM2STR403070H	AM2STR454070H	AM2STR504070H	AM2STR554070H	AM2STR604070H	AM2STR654070H
	5	AM2STR405070H	AM2STR455070H	AM2STR505070H	AM2STR555070H	AM2STR605070H	AM2STR655070H
	6	AM2STR406070H	AM2STR456070H	AM2STR506070H	AM2STR556070H	AM2STR606070H	AM2STR656070H
	7	AM2STR407070H	AM2STR457070H	AM2STR507070H	AM2STR557070H	AM2STR607070H	AM2STR657070H



Straight Abutment (NON-HEX)



- Used in producing cement-retained prosthetics
- Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
- 1.2mm Hex driver
 Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

Cu	ff	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5
	1	AM2STR401040N	AM2STR451040N	AM2STR501040N	AM2STR551040N	AM2STR601040N	AM2STR651040N
PH	2	AM2STR402040N	AM2STR452040N	AM2STR502040N	AM2STR552040N	AM2STR602040N	AM2STR652040N
4	3	AM2STR403040N	AM2STR453040N	AM2STR503040N	AM2STR553040N	AM2STR603040N	AM2STR653040N
	4	AM2STR403040N	AM2STR454040N	AM2STR504040N	AM2STR554040N	AM2STR604040N	AM2STR654040N
	5	AM2STR405040N	AM2STR455040N	AM2STR505040N	AM2STR555040N	AM2STR605040N	AM2STR655040N
	6	AM2STR406040N	AM2STR456040N	AM2STR506040N	AM2STR556040N	AM2STR606040N	AM2STR656040N
	1	AM2STR401055N	AM2STR451055N	AM2STR501055N	AM2STR551055N	AM2STR601055N	AM2STR651055N
PH	2	AM2STR402055N	AM2STR452055N	AM2STR502055N	AM2STR552055N	AM2STR602055N	AM2STR652055N
5.5	3	AM2STR403055N	AM2STR453055N	AM2STR503055N	AM2STR553055N	AM2STR603055N	AM2STR653055N
	4	AM2STR403055N	AM2STR454055N	AM2STR504055N	AM2STR554055N	AM2STR604055N	AM2STR654055N
	5	AM2STR405055N	AM2STR455055N	AM2STR505055N	AM2STR555055N	AM2STR605055N	AM2STR655055N
	6	AM2STR406055N	AM2STR456055N	AM2STR506055N	AM2STR556055N	AM2STR606055N	AM2STR656055N
	1	AM2STR401070N	AM2STR451070N	AM2STR501070N	AM2STR551070N	AM2STR601070N	AM2STR651070N
РН	2	AM2STR402070N	AM2STR452070N	AM2STR502070N	AM2STR552070N	AM2STR602070N	AM2STR652070N
7	3	AM2STR403070N	AM2STR453070N	AM2STR503070N	AM2STR553070N	AM2STR603070N	AM2STR653070N
•	4	AM2STR403070N	AM2STR454070N	AM2STR504070N	AM2STR554070N	AM2STR604070N	AM2STR654070N
	5	AM2STR405070N	AM2STR455070N	AM2STR505070N	AM2STR555070N	AM2STR605070N	AM2STR655070N
	6	AM2STR406070N	AM2STR456070N	AM2STR506070N	AM2STR556070N	AM2STR606070N	AM2STR656070N



Angled Abutment (HEX)

15°, 25°

- Used when a prosthetic's path adjustment is necessary at 15° or 25° axial angle
 Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
 1.2mm Hex driver

- Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

Angled Abutment Guide



TYPE : H

- 12 orientation choices with two types of hexes, H and V

C	Cuff	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5
Н ТҮР	 E						
	1	AM2AAR40115H	AM2AAR45115H	AM2AAR50115H	AM2AAR55115H	AM2AAR60115H	AM2AAR65115H
	2	AM2AAR40215H	AM2AAR45215H	AM2AAR50215H	AM2AAR55215H	AM2AAR60215H	AM2AAR65215H
	3	AM2AAR40315H	AM2AAR45315H	AM2AAR50315H	AM2AAR55315H	AM2AAR60315H	AM2AAR65315H
L5°HEX	4	AM2AAR40415H	AM2AAR45415H	AM2AAR50415H	AM2AAR55415H	AM2AAR60415H	AM2AAR65415H
	5	AM2AAR40515H	AM2AAR45515H	AM2AAR50515H	AM2AAR55515H	AM2AAR60515H	AM2AAR65515I
	6	AM2AAR40615H	AM2AAR45615H	AM2AAR50615H	AM2AAR55615H	AM2AAR60615H	AM2AAR65615H
	1	AM2AAR40125H	AM2AAR45125H	AM2AAR50125H	AM2AAR55125H	AM2AAR60125H	AM2AAR65125l
	2	AM2AAR40225H	AM2AAR45225H	AM2AAR50225H	AM2AAR55225H	AM2AAR60225H	AM2AAR65225I
	3	AM2AAR40325H	AM2AAR45325H	AM2AAR50325H	AM2AAR55325H	AM2AAR60325H	AM2AAR65325
25° HEX	4	AM2AAR40425H	AM2AAR45425H	AM2AAR50425H	AM2AAR55425H	AM2AAR60425H	AM2AAR65425
	5	AM2AAR40525H	AM2AAR45525H	AM2AAR50525H	AM2AAR55525H	AM2AAR60525H	AM2AAR65525
	6	AM2AAR40625H	AM2AAR45625H	AM2AAR50625H	AM2AAR55625H	AM2AAR60625H	AM2AAR65625
V TYPI							
	1		AM2AAR45115V		AM2AAR45115V	AM2AAR60115V	
	2	AM2AAR40215V	AM2AAR45215V	AM2AAR45215V	AM2AAR45215V	AM2AAR60215V	
.5°HEX	3	AM2AAR40315V		AM2AAR45315V	AM2AAR45315V	AM2AAR60315V	
IJ IILX	4	AM2AAR40415V	AM2AAR45415V	AM2AAR45415V	AM2AAR45415V	AM2AAR60415V	
	5	AM2AAR40515V		AM2AAR45515V	AM2AAR45515V	AM2AAR60515V	
	6	AM2AAR40615V	AM2AAR45615V	AM2AAR45615V	AM2AAR45615V	AM2AAR60615V	AM2AAR65615
	1	AM2AAR40125V	AM2AAR45125V	AM2AAR45125V	AM2AAR45125V	AM2AAR45125V	AM2AAR45125
	2	AM2AAR40225V	AM2AAR45225V	AM2AAR45225V	AM2AAR45225V	AM2AAR45225V	AM2AAR45225
25° HEX	3	AM2AAR40325V	AM2AAR45325V	AM2AAR45325V	AM2AAR45325V	AM2AAR45325V	AM2AAR45325
23° NEX	4	AM2AAR40425V	AM2AAR45425V	AM2AAR45425V	AM2AAR45425V	AM2AAR45425V	AM2AAR45425
	5	AM2AAR40525V	AM2AAR45525V	AM2AAR45525V	AM2AAR45525V	AM2AAR45525V	AM2AAR45525
	_						

AM2AAR40625V AM2AAR45625V AM2AAR45625V AM2AAR45625V AM2AAR45625V AM2AAR45625V AM2AAR45625V



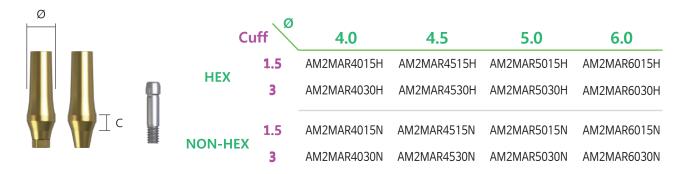
Angled Abutment (NON-HEX)



- Used when a prosthetic's path adjustment is necessary at 15° or 25° axial angle
- Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

		Ø		Ø				
	Cuff	10	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5
	1	1	AM2AAR40115N	AM2AAR45115N	AM2AAR50115N	AM2AAR55115N	AM2AAR60115N	AM2AAR65115N
	2	2	AM2AAR40215N	AM2AAR45215N	AM2AAR50215N	AM2AAR55215N	AM2AAR60215N	AM2AAR65215N
15° NON-I	HFX 3	3	AM2AAR40315N	AM2AAR45315N	AM2AAR50315N	AM2AAR55315N	AM2AAR60315N	AM2AAR65315N
15 11011 1		4	AM2AAR40415N	AM2AAR45415N	AM2AAR50415N	AM2AAR55415N	AM2AAR60415N	AM2AAR65415N
	5	5	AM2AAR40515N	AM2AAR45515N	AM2AAR50515N	AM2AAR55515N	AM2AAR60515N	AM2AAR65515N
	6	6	AM2AAR40615N	AM2AAR45615N	AM2AAR50615N	AM2AAR55615N	AM2AAR60615N	AM2AAR65615N
	1	1	AM2AAR40125N	AM2AAR45125N	AM2AAR50125N	AM2AAR55125N	AM2AAR60125N	AM2AAR65125N
	2	2	AM2AAR40225N	AM2AAR45225N	AM2AAR50225N	AM2AAR55225N	AM2AAR60225N	AM2AAR65225N
25° NON-HE	HFX 3	3	AM2AAR40325N	AM2AAR45325N	AM2AAR50325N	AM2AAR55325N	AM2AAR60325N	AM2AAR65325N
		4	AM2AAR40425N	AM2AAR45425N	AM2AAR50425N	AM2AAR55425N	AM2AAR60425N	AM2AAR65425N
	5	5	AM2AAR40525N	AM2AAR45525N	AM2AAR50525N	AM2AAR55525N	AM2AAR60525N	AM2AAR65525N
	6	6	AM2AAR40625N	AM2AAR45625N	AM2AAR50625N	AM2AAR55625N	AM2AAR60625N	AM2AAR65625N

Milling Abutment



- Used when an abutment's path must be altered or a prosthetic's margin area must be customized
- Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque: 30Ncm



CCM Abutment



HEX

ECCRH401C

NON-HEX

ECCRN401C

Abutment Screw



AM2ASR

Temporary Abutment



Type 4.5

HEX AM2TAR 4510H

NON-HEX AM2TAR4510N

- Used in producing temporary prosthetics
- Structure enabling easy customization
- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 20Ncm

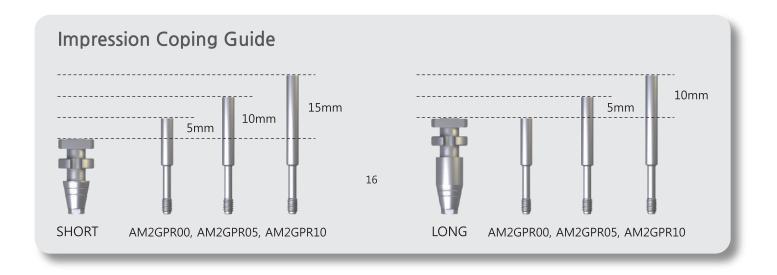


Pick-up Impression Coping



	Type	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5
HEX	SHORT	AM2PIR40SH	AM2PIR45SH	AM2PIR50SH	AM2PIR55SH	AM2PIR60SH	AM2PIR65SH
TILX	LONG	AM2PIR40LH	AM2PIR45LH	AM2PIR50LH	AM2PIR55LH	AM2PIR60LH	AM2PIR65LH
NON-HEX	SHORT	AM2PIR40SN	AM2PIR45SN	AM2PIR50SN	AM2PIR55SN	AM2PIR60SN	AM2PIR65SN
NON TIEX	LONG	AM2PIR40LN	AM2PIR45LN	AM2PIR50LN	AM2PIR55LN	AM2PIR60LN	AM2PIR65LN

- Takes impression using open tray technique
- Superior impression stability with an extended flat & groove
- 1.2mm Hex driver





Transfer Impression Coping



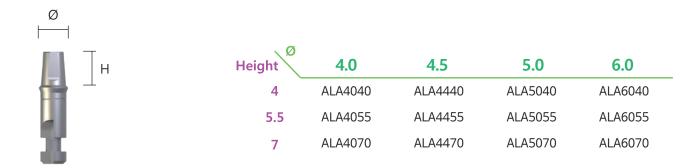
- Takes impression using closed tray technique
- 1.2mm Hex driver

	Type	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5	
1157	SHORT	AM2TIR40SH	AM2TIR45SH	AM2TIR50SH	AM2TIR55SH	AM2TIR60SH	AM2TIR65SH	
HEX	LONG	AM2TIR40LH	AM2TIR45LH	AM2TIR50LH	AM2TIR55LH	AM2TIR60LH	AM2TIR65LH	
NON HEY	SHORT	AM2TIR40SN	AM2TIR45SN	AM2TIR50SN	AM2TIR55SN	AM2TIR60SN	AM2TIR65SN	
NON-HEX	LONG	AM2TIR40LN	AM2TIR45LN	AM2TIR50LN	AM2TIR55LN	AM2TIR60LN	AM2TIR65LN	

Fixture Lab Analog



Abutment Lab Analog



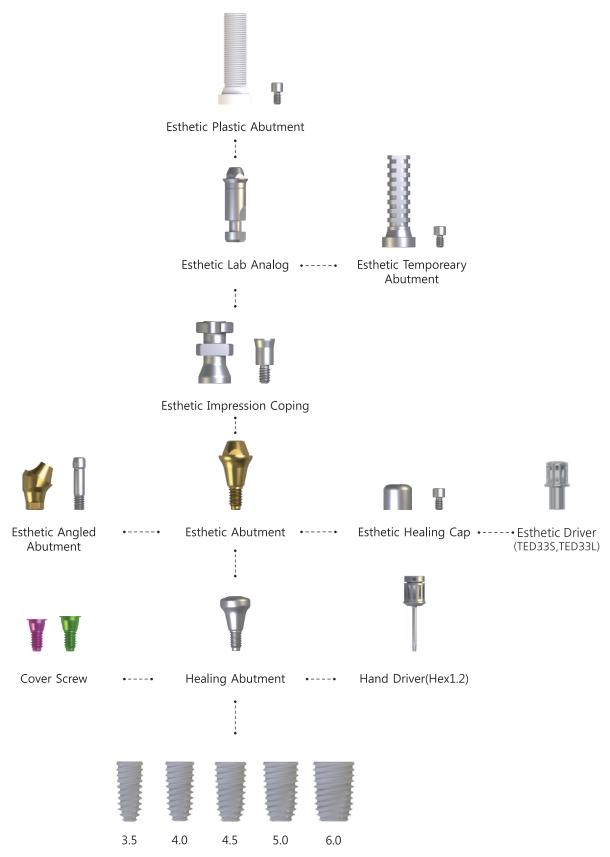


4.0

FLAR40

PROSTHETICS FLOW DIAGRAMS.

Screw & Cement Retained Restoration



Esthetic Solid Abutment



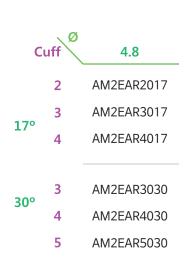
- Used in screw type prosthetics in multiple cases
- Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
- Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

o w	4.0
Cuff	4.8
1	AM2ESR10
2	AM2ESR20
3	AM2ESR30
4	AM2ESR40
5	AM2ESR50
6	AM2ESR60

Esthetic Angled Abutment



- Used in implant path compensation in screw retained multiple case
- Up to 60° path compensation (two implant standard)
- Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
- Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm
- 1.2mm Hex driver





Esthetic Healing Cap





- Used when protecting a convertible abutment in the oral cavity and minimizing foreign body sensation for the patient
- Recommended tightening torque : 20Ncm
- 1.2mm Hex driver

Esthetic Pick-up Impression Coping





- Takes impression using open tray
- Superior impression stability with an extended flat & groove
- 1.2mm Hex driver

Esthetic Temporary Abutment





- Used in producing temporary prosthetics
- Structure enabling easy customization and minimizing indication restrictions
- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 20Ncm



Esthetic Plastic Abutment

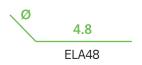




- Used in producing screw maintenance prosthetics
- Produces prosthetics after casting with dentalgrade alloy (gold, non-precious metals) after customization
- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 20Ncm

Esthetic Lab Analog



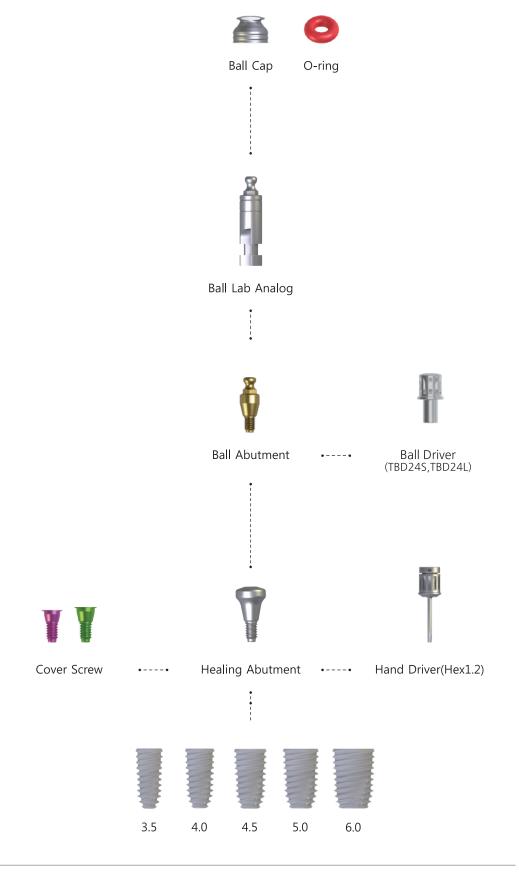


- Achieves Esthetic Solid Abutment of the oral cavity on a working model



PROSTHETICS FLOW DIAGRAMS.

Overdenture Restoration





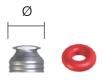
Ball Abutment



- Used in creating stud type overdenture prosthetics
- Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
- Rotator Abutment driver
- Recommended tightening torque: 30Ncm

Cuff	4.0
0	AM2BAR00
1	AM2BAR01
2	AM2BAR02
3	AM2BAR03
4	AM2BAR04
5	AM2BAR05
6	AM2BAR06

Ball Cap



- Used in creating stud type overdenture prosthetics



Ball Lab Analog

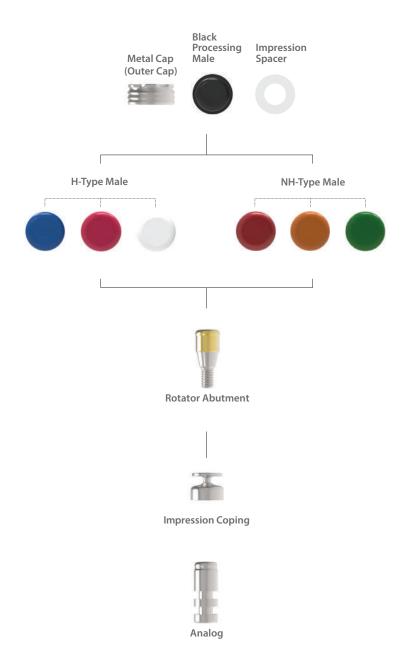


3.5BLA35



PROSTHETICS FLOW DIAGRAMS.

Overdenture Restoration





Rotator Abutment



- Used in creating Rotator type overdenture prosthetics
- Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
- Rotator Abutment driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

Ø Cuff	
1	LOSGSR3710
2	LOSGSR3720
3	LOSGSR3730
4	LOSGSR3740
5	LOSGSR3750
6	LOSGSR3760
7	LOSGSR3770
8	LOSGSR3780

Impression Cap



- Used in creating Rotator type overdenture prosthetics



Rotator Analog



4.0ROTAL 40

- Achieves Rotator Abutment of the oral cavity on a working model



STERIOSS IMPLANT TL_(Tissue Level) SYSTEM Reference Code.

FIXTURE starts from 6mm and has a maximum of 13mm every 1mm.

3.5 / 4.0 / 4.5 / 5.0



5.0 / 6.0



FISR

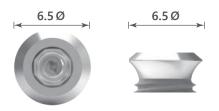
Fixture System Regular(FISR) 5.0 Prosthetic Connection



Fixture System Regular(FISR) 5.0 Prosthetic Connection is compatible with all Straurmann ITI Regular Neck 4.8ø Implants.

FISW

Fixture System Wide(FISW) 6.0 Prosthetic Connection

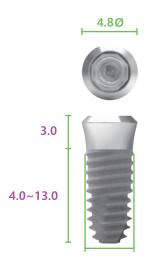


Fixture System Wide(FISW) 6.5 Prosthetic Connection is compatible with all Straurmann ITI Wide Neck 6.5ø Implants.



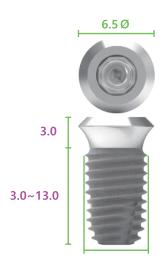
TL(Tissue Level) SYSTEM Reference Code.

FIXTURE starts from 6mm and has a maximum of 13mm every 1mm.



FISR

Cuff	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0
3				FISR 513030
4		FISR 423040	FISR 463040	FISR 513040
5		FISR 423050	FISR 463050	FISR 513050
6		FISR 423060	FISR 463060	FISR 513060
7	FISR 383070	FISR 423070	FISR 463070	FISR 513070
8	FISR 383080	FISR 423080	FISR 463080	FISR 513080
9	FISR 383090	FISR 423090	FISR 463090	FISR 513090
10	FISR 3830100	FISR 4230100	FISR 4630100	FISR 5130100
11	FISR 3830110	FISR 4230110	FISR 4630110	FISR 5130110
12	FISR 3830120	FISR 4230120	FISR 4630120	FISR 5130120
13	FISR 3830130	FISR 4230130	FISR 4630130	FISR 5130130



FISW

Cuff	5.0	6.0
3	FISW 513030	FISW 603030
4	FISW 513040	FISW 603040
5	FISW 513050	FISW 603050
6	FISW 513060	FISW 603060
7	FISW 513070	FISW 603070
8	FISW 513080	FISW 603080
9	FISW 513090	FISW 603090
10	FISW 5130100	FISW 6030100
11	FISW 5130110	FISW 6030110
12	FISW 5130120	FISW 6030120
13	FISW 5130130	FISW 6030130

Dia 3.5 / 4.0 / 4.5 / 5.0



Dia 5.0 / 6.0





Connection Guide

Cover Screw



Healing Abutment



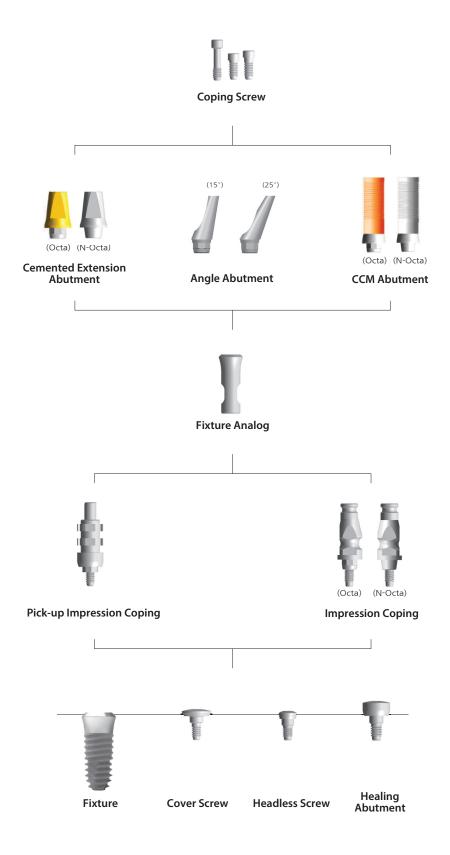
- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque : $5{\sim}8Ncm$





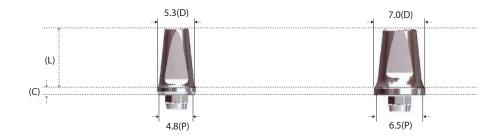
PROSTHETICS FLOW DIAGRAMS.

Screw & Cement Retained Restoration





Straight Abutment

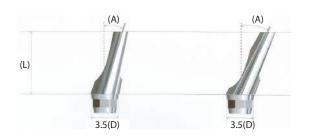


Cuff Ø4.8	RP
0	SISTARDP060
1	SISTARDP160
2	SISTARDP260
3	SISTARDP360
4	SISTARDP460

Cuff $^{\emptyset}6.5$	WP
0	SISTAWDP060
1	SISTAWDP160
2	SISTAWDP260
3	SISTAWDP360
4	SISTAWDP460



Angled Abutment



	15°	25°
(RP)	SIAAR DP 06150	SIAAR DP 06250
	16150	16250
	26150	26250
	36150	36250
	46150	46250

	15°	25°
(WP)	SIAAW DP 06150	SIAAW DP 06250
	16150	16250
	26150	26250
	36150	36250
	46150	46250

CCM Abutment



	OCIA
(RP)	ICCORH481D
(WP)	ITW-O





Temporary Abutment



- Used in producing temporary prosthetics
- Structure enabling easy customization
- 1.2mm Hex driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 20Ncm





Pick-up Impression Coping

RP	WP
SIPIRDPSO	SIPIWDPSO
SIPIRDPLO	SIPIWDPLO





Transfer Impression Coping



- Takes impression using closed tray technique
- 1.2mm Hex driver

RP
SITIRDPSO
SITIRDPLO

WP SITIWDPSO SITIWDPLO



Solid Abutment



Hight	RP	WP
3mm	SISARDP3	SISAWDP3
4mm	SISARDP4	SISAWDP4
5mm	SISARDP5	SISAWDP5
6mm	SISARDP6	SISAWDP6
7mm	SISARDP7	SISAWDP7

Plastic Imperssion Coping



RP	WP
SIPCRDP7	SIPCWDP7

Fixture Lab Analog



RP	WP
SIFLARDP	SIFLAWDP

- Achieves fixture in oral cavity on a working model

Solid Lab Analog

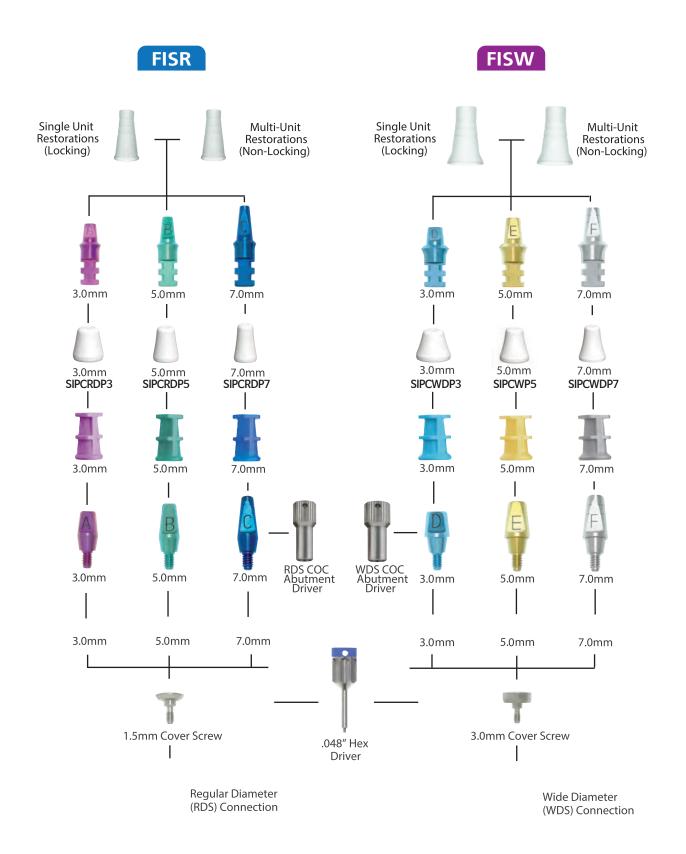


RP	WP
SIFALRDP3	SIFALWDP3
SIFALRDP4	SIFALWDP4
SIFALRDP5	SIFALWDP5
SIFALRDP6	SIFALWDP6
SIFALRDP7	SIFALWDP7



PROSTHETICS FLOW DIAGRAMS.

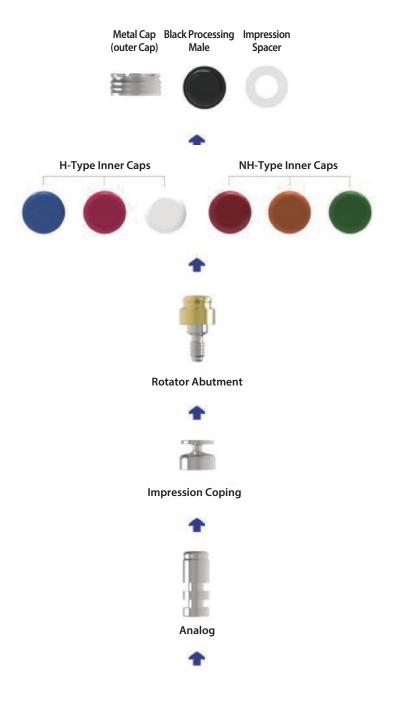
Screw & Cement Retained Restoration





PROSTHETICS FLOW DIAGRAMS.

Overdenture & Cement Retained Restoration





Rotator Abutment



- Used in creating stud type overdenture prosthetics
- Gold coloring for improved aesthetics
- Ball Abutment driver
- Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

Ø Cuff	
0	LGSSSR4800
1	LGSSSR4810
2	LGSSSR4820
3	LGSSSR4830

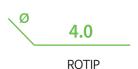
LGSSSR4840

4

Impression Cap



- Used in creating Rotator type overdenture prosthetics



Rotator Lab Analog



4.0ROTAL 40

- Achieves Rotator Abutment of the oral cavity on a working model



Kit Rendering



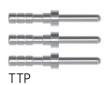


Surgical Kit Lay-out

Point Drill

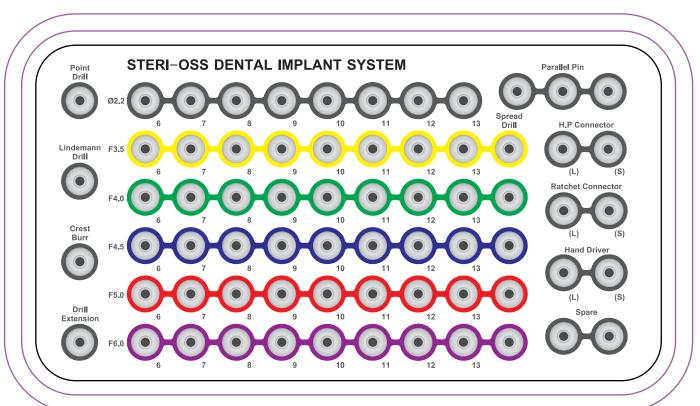


Parallel Pin



Drill Extension





Lindermann Drill



Crest Burr



BL H.P Connector



BL Torque Connector



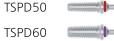
Hand Driver





Spread Drill





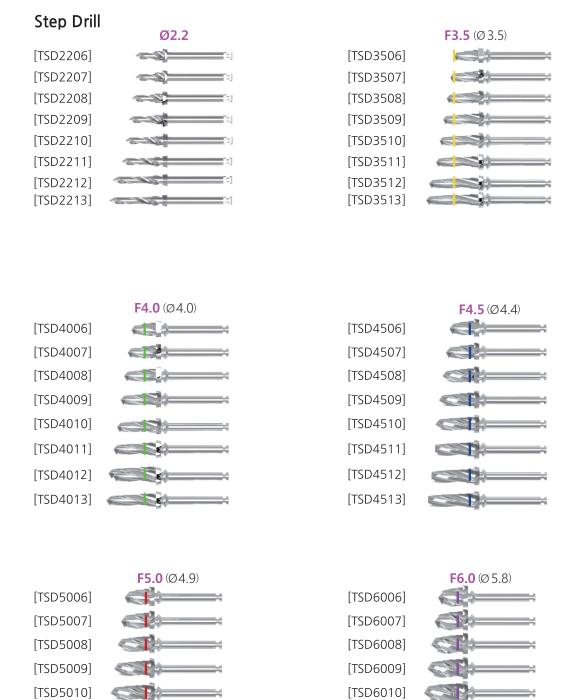
Torque Wrench



STW01



Surgical Kit



[TSD6011]

[TSD6012]

[TSD6013] <



[TSD5011]

[TSD5012]

[TSD5013]

Full Surgical Kit STCK1

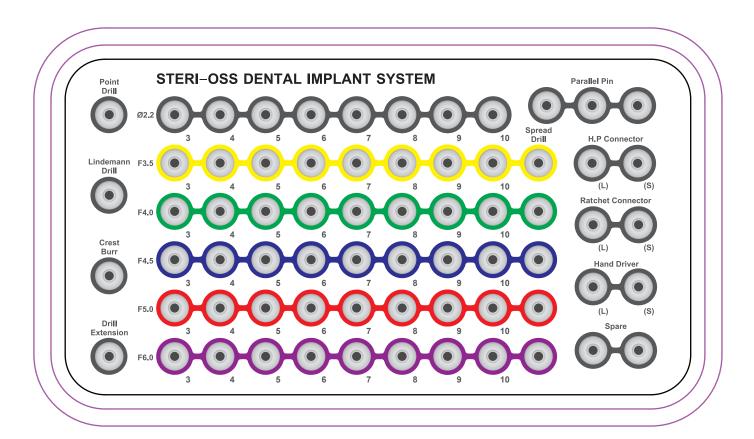
Point Drill [TPD16] Lindermann Drill		[TLD] Crest Bur [TCB		Drill Extension [TDE]			
Step Dill	[TSD2206] [TSD2207] [TSD2208] [TSD2209] [TSD2210] [TSD2211] [TSD2212] [TSD2213]	[TSD3506] [TSD3507] [TSD3508] [TSD3509] [TSD3510] [TSD3511] [TSD3512] [TSD3513]	[TSD4006] [TSD4007] [TSD4008] [TSD4009] [TSD4010] [TSD4011] [TSD4012] [TSD4013]	[TSD4506] [TSD4507] [TSD4508] [TSD4509] [TSD4510] [TSD4511] [TSD4512] [TSD4513]	TS [TS] [TS] [TS] [TS]	D5006] D5007] D5008] D5009] D5010] D5011] D5012]	[TSD6006] [TSD6007] [TSD6008] [TSD6009] [TSD6010] [TSD6011] [TSD6012] [TSD6013]
Spreader Drill	[TSPD35] [TSPD40] [TSPD45] [TSPD50] [TSPD60]		Parallel Pin H.P Connec Ratchet Con	ctor	3EA Long Short Long Short	THC25L THC25S TWTC25L TWTC25M	
Torque Wrench	1 [STW01]		Hand Drive	r	Long Short	THD12L THD12S	

Standard Surgical Kit STCK2

Point Drill [TPD1	6] Linde	rmann Drill	[TLD] Cre	st Bur [TCB]	Drill Extension	[TDE]
Step Dill	[TSD2206] [TSD2207] [TSD2208] [TSD2209] [TSD2210]	[TSD3506] [TSD3507] [TSD3508] [TSD3509] [TSD3510]	[TSD4006] [TSD4007] [TSD4008] [TSD4009] [TSD4010]	[TSD4506] [TSD4507] [TSD4508] [TSD4509] [TSD4510]	[TSD5006] [TSD5007] [TSD5008] [TSD5009] [TSD5010]	
Parallel Pin	3EA		Toi	rque Wrench	[STW01]	
H.P Connector	Lon Sho	J				
Ratchet Conne	ctor Lon	_				
Hand Driver	Lon Sho	J				

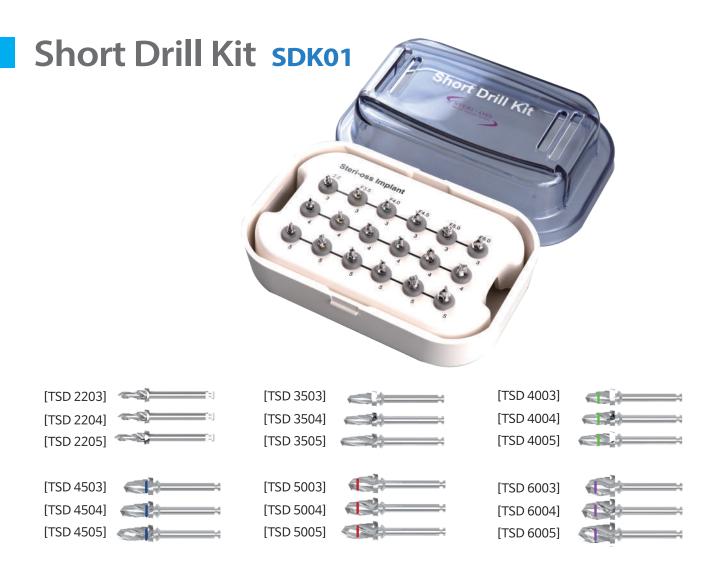


Full Surgical Kit STCK3



Point Drill [TPD1	6] Linder	mann Drill	[TLD] Crest	Bur [TCB]	Dril	ll Extensio	n [TDE]
Step Dill	[TSD2203] [TSD2204] [TSD2205] [TSD2206] [TSD2207] [TSD2208] [TSD2209] [TSD2210]	[TSD3503] [TSD3504] [TSD3505] [TSD3506] [TSD3507] [TSD3508] [TSD3509] [TSD3510]	[TSD4003] [TSD4004] [TSD4005] [TSD4006] [TSD4007] [TSD4008] [TSD4009] [TSD4010]	[TSD4503] [TSD4504] [TSD4505] [TSD4506] [TSD4507] [TSD4508] [TSD4509] [TSD4510]	[TSI] [TSI] [TSI] [TSI] [TSI]	D5003] D5004] D5005] D5006] D5007] D5008] D5009]	[TSD6003] [TSD6004] [TSD6005] [TSD6006] [TSD6007] [TSD6008] [TSD6009] [TSD6010]
Spreader Drill	[TSPD35] [TSPD40]		Parallel Pin		3EA		
	[TSPD45] [TSPD50]		H.P Connect	or	Long Short	THC25L THC25S	
	[TSPD60]		Ratchet Con	nector	Long Short	TWTC25L TWTC25M	
Torque Wrench	[STW01]		Hand Driver		Long Short	THD12L THD12S	





Implant Torque Wrench ITW01





Sterioss Multi Prostetic Kit MPK01



1.2Hex Machine driver

Short 1ea Long 1ea

1.2Hex Hand driver

Short 1ea Long 1ea

1.27Hex Hand driver

Short 1ea Long 1ea

Strauman Hand driver

Short 1ea Long 1ea **Nobel Hand driver**

Short 1ea Long 1ea

Slot driver

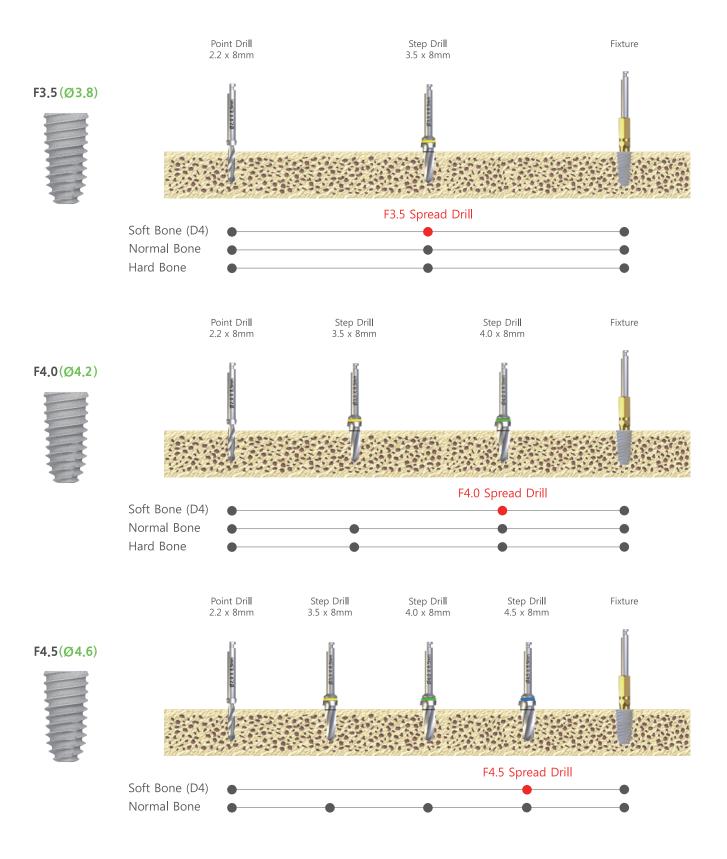
Long 1ea

Connector 1ea

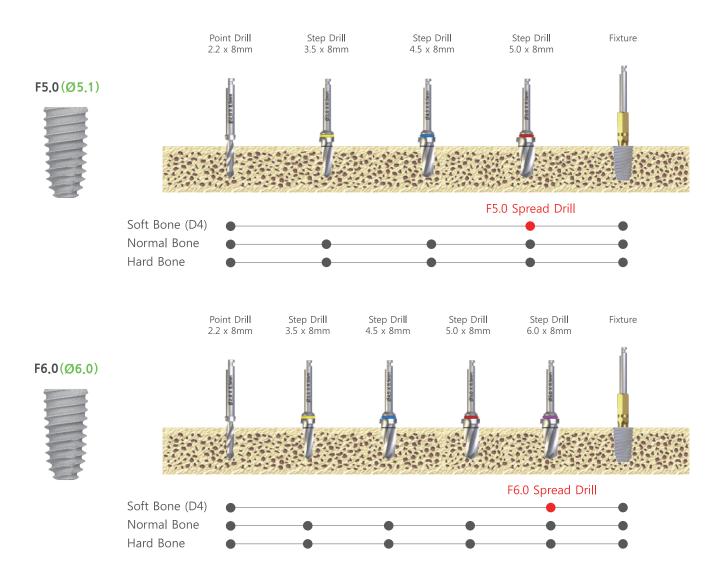
Torque Wrench 1ea



Drilling Sequence



Drilling Sequence







High Power System

Fourth Generation New Implant Engune

Model: STERIOSS PRO Intuitive powerful safe and reliable

Maxim Power 80Ncm

Technical:

Maximun power: 150W

• Power supply : AC230V 50/60Hz

• Motor speed : 300--40000rpm

Adustable torque : 5Ncm--80NcmWater supply wolume :

4 blocks adjustable, 150ml/min

• Light source illumination: 30000lux

• Motor : surgical brushless motor

• Volume(cm) : 42x38x26cm

Weight(kg)/PCS: 5.5kg

Packing material : Aluminum box

• QTY per master carton : 1 pc/ctn

- Full touch big screen

The large size screen ensures that the treatment parameters are visible at any time

- Graphical planting process selection, a variety of parameters at a glance Every planting process is set up to solve the thdious setting
- ad hoc separate irrigation procedures for ease of use

Cooling and flushing of inner and outer channel

- Built in water supply system with small size, good performance and convenient convection 4 shifts water supply up to 150ml/min
- a new generation of motors with torque of up to 80N.cm

High performance brushless motor, powerful touque output, highly efficient chip structure

- motors and cables can be sterilized at high temperature and pressure

Lighter and shorter motor, long work no fatigue

- LED lighing helps clinicians focus More on the treatment area and make surgery more accurate High brightness LED light source with brightness up to 30000lux
- illumination and sound can be adjusted

Give doctors more autonomy in setting up options

- Multifunctional pedal controller

Mseptic operation can be achieved, giving the maximum freedom of the handle
The handle can be easily connected to the

The handle can be easily connected to the pedal controller



User Manual(Fixture)

1) Product description

Sterioss Implant is made of titanium and grafted in the maxillary or mandibular alveolar bone for surgical treatment. It plays the role of natural dental root. Refer to the manual or the catalogue or out website (www.steriossimplant.com) for detail. See the product label for the product code, specifications, manufacturing date, and expiration date.

2) Use

Should be used in accordance with the general implant guide.

3) Indications

- Generally good health, healthy oral cavity
- Predicted normal healing of wounds
- Jaw bone that has stopped growing
- Good oral cavity hygiene
- Available bone sufficient for vertical, mesio/distal, and buccal/lingual space
- Patient's full recognition of the risk in the course of performing each implant treatment

4) Contraindications

Following medical conditions may occur failure in cases when:

- Insufficient bones or poor bone quality to achieve implant stability
- Poor oral hygiene or pathological infection to alveolar bones
- Patient with uncontrollable diabetes, tissue disease influencing boneor wound treatment; heavy smoker or alcoholic
- Heavy smoking, tobacco abuse
- Any patient who is not suitable for operation

5) Warnings

The selection of inappropriate patients and operation methods can cause implant failure or loss of bone supporting the implant. sterioss implants must not be used for purposes other than the recommended use and must not be remodeled. Implant mobility, bone less, and chronic infection can result in failure of the implant surgery.

6) Precautions

The surgical technology of dental implant involves an expert, complex procedure. Formal training is required to perform implant surgery. Determine the local anatomy and suitability of the available bone for implant placement. Prepare the implant considering the expected situations and cautions. Visual inspections as well as panoramic and periapical radiographs are essential to determine anatomical landmarks, occlusal conditions, periodontal status, and the adequacy of the bone. Adequate radiographs, direct palpation, and visual inspection of the implant site are necessary prior to treatment, planning and use of sterioss implant.

7) Adverse reactions

A few problems may occur after the operation (loss of implant stability, damage of prosthesis, etc.) deficient quality and quantity of the remaining bone, infection, inferior oral hygiene or uncooperativeness of patient, implant mobility, partial deterioration of tissue, and improper position or arrangement of implants may cause the above mentioned problems.

8) Surgical complications

The implant procedure has risk, including localized swelling, dehiscence, tenderness of short duration, edema, hematoma, or bleeding. Numbness of the lower lip and chin region following lower jaw surgery, and of the tissue beside the nose following upper jaw surgery, is a possible side-effect of the surgery. Though it would most probably be of a temporary nature, in very rare cases, the numbness has been permanent. Gingival-mucosal (gum tissue) ulceration, tissue reaction, or infection may occur, but generally responds to local care.

9) Sterilization and handing

The implant has been cleaned and sterilized by gamma irradiation and is ready to use. The sterilized product must be used in a sterilized environment with sterilized tools. If the packaged is damaged, or if the expiration date has passed, do not us the product. Expired or contaminated product must not be re-sterilized; they must be disposed of.

10) Storage Condition

Keep the product in a dry place at room temperature $(1^{\circ}C\sim20^{\circ}C)$. Keep away from direct sunlight. This product is valid for 3 years from the date of manufacture, please observe the validity date.

11) Cautions for use

Determine the number, angles, and positions of the implants to be grafted considering a minimum gap of 3mm between implant. Local anesthesia is used; an anesthetic solution should be sufficient to anesthetize the periosteum surface. Conventional implant treatment should be applied. When using engine driver, the recommended speed is 15rpm, and maximum torque, 35Ncm. Once the maximum torque is reached, detach the driver mounted in the hand piece. Afterward, connect the torque wrench and perform grafting while rotating the hand-driver clockwise.

It must bechecked the imformation on length, diameter and depth for placement before use.



User Manual(Abutment)

1) Product description

Sterioss Implant is a dental implant materials and consist of the Titanium.Refer to manual, catalog or our website (www.zerosimp lant.com) for details. For the product code, specification, manufa cturing date, and expiration date see the product label.

2) Use

Should be used in accordance with the general implant guide.

3) General Precaution

The surgical technology of dental implantation requires an expert, it is a complex procedure which requires formal training to perform implantation.

4) Important

It is important to look at the anatomy and suitability of the available bone for implant placement. Prepare the implant considering the expected situations and cautions. Visual inspection as well as panoramic and periapical radiographs are essential to determine anatomical landmarks, occlusal conditions, periodontal status, and adequacy of bone. Lateral cephalometric radiographs, CT scans, and tomograms may also be beneficial.

In particular, the exact implant fixture can be assembled to prepare the abutment and the prosthetic components.

5) Indication

- Partial or full edentulous patients
- Periodontitis
- Dental caries
- Accidental tooth damage
- Congenital tooth defects
- Tooth loss due to other maxillofacial diseases

6) Contraindications

Contraindications include following, but are not limited to:

- Hemophilia Patient
- Patient experiencing difficulties related to bone and wound treatment
- Patient with uncontrollable diabetes, tissue disease influencing bone or wound treatment; heavy smoker or alcoholic
- Patient whose immunity system is inactivate due to chemical therapy and radiation therapy
- Patient with oral infection or inflammation (Improper oral hygiene, bruxism)
- Patient with untreatable occlusion/joint disorder, insufficient dental arch space
- Any patient who is not suitable for operation

7) Procedural Precautions (Surgery)

The Implant operation requires high accuracy and careful attention, we must try to minimize damage to the cell tissue and pay special attention to the temperature, surgical trauma, and/or removal of the source of contamination and infection.

8) Procedural Precautions (Prosthetics)

The prosthetic structure is small; make sure it is neither swallowed nor inhaled by the patient. Angled abutments are not recommended for placement in the posterior region of the mouth due to limitations of implant strength. Stress distribution is especially important in implant operation as well as the fit of prosthesis and abutment on bridge, also the occlusal stability. Avoid using excessive force horizontally especially during immediate implantation. For the prosthesis whose substructure is made of gold alloy, gold should be used appropriately. Operate prosthesis after enough healing period.

9) Cautions for Patients

Do not apply excessive stress on the replacement until the last prosthesis is placed.

10) Side Effect

Side Effect

These Problems may occur after implantation (loss of implant stability, loss of prosthesis, etc). Deficient quality and quantity of remaining bone, infection, inferior oral hygiene or uncoo perativeness of patient, implant mobility, partial deterioration of tissue, and improper position and arrangement of implants can cause instability.

11) Warning

Read carefully instruction for use before use.

Using Sterioss Implant safely and effectively requires special training, since the surgical techniques involved in the dental i mplant operation are highly specialized and very complex. The selection of inappropriate patients and operation meth ods can cause implant failures or loss of bone supporting the implant. Sterioss Implant must not be used for purposes other than the recommended use. Dental implants must never be remodeled. If the implant is contaminated by the patient's bodily fluids, it cannot be used in other patients. The ceramic abutment needs a special manufacturing process; the technician should be specifically trained in this process.

12) terility

The unsterilized prosthetic components must be sterilized in an autoclave at 132°C for 15 minutes before use. After the steam sterilization, the abutments should be dried for 15 minutes before use. This product is disposable medical device product in any case should not reuse.

13) Storage Conditions

Keep in cool(1°C~30°C) and dry place. Keep Out of direct sunlight This product is valid for semi-permanent before open.

Product compatibility list



Allograft

PREMIUM



Renew Oss The Black (syr.)

Power: 0.2~1mm Volume: 0.3cc / 1cc



Do Bone (syr.)

Power: S:0.25~0.71mm / L:0.71~1.6mm Volume: 0.3cc / 1cc



Renew Oss (Syr.)

Power: 0.2~1mm Volume: 0.3cc / 0.5cc / 1cc



Titan Bone (syr.)

Volume: 0.3cc / 0.6cc / 1.1cc



Allobone Plus

Volume: 0.25cc / 0.5cc / 1cc



Oragraft

Volume: 0.25cc / 0.5cc / 1.2cc

DBM/BMP



Orthoblast II (Gel)

Volume: 0.5cc / 5cc / 3cc



Dynagraft II

Volume: 0.5cc / 1cc / 2.5cc / 5cc



<BMP>

Volume: 0.25cc / 0.5cc / 1cc



Osteosparx-C

Volume: 1cc / 3cc / 5cc / 10cc



• Allomatrix
Volume : 1cc

<BMP>

<DBM>

Rafugen BMP2

Volume: 0.1cc / 0.3c / 0.5cc

Rafugen BMP2



Synthetic



Volume: 0.45g / 0.75g / 1.5g



Sorbone Syringe

Power: M:0.5~1mm / L:1~2mm Volume: 0.25cc / 0.5cc / 1cc



Sorbone

Power: S:0.3~0.5mm /M:0.5~1mm / L:1~2mm Volume : 0.25g / 0.5g / 2g



SynCera II

Power: S:0.4~1mm / L:1~2mm Volume: 0.25g / 0.5g / 1g



Bongros

NEW

Power: M:0.6~1mm / L:1~3mm Volume: 0.25g(0.4cc) / 0.5g(0.8cc)



Straumann Synthetic

Power: M:0.6~1mm / L:1~3mm Volume: 0.25g / 0.5g / 1g

Xenograft



NeoOss

Volume: 0.25g (≒0.5cc)



Size: *Φ*6~10mm / *Φ*10x10mm



Titan-X

Power: S:0.4~1.0mm Volume: 0.1q / 0.25q / 1q / 2q



Bio-Oss

Volume : S:0.25~1mm (0.25g / 0.5g / 1g / 2g) L:1~2mm(0.5g / 1g / 2g)



Bio-Oss Pen

Volume: S:0.25~1mm(0.5cc / 1cc) L:1~2mm(15cc)



Bio-Oss Collagen



Volume: 100mg / 250mg



Straumann Xeno

Power: S(0.2~1mm) L:1.0~2.0mm) Volume: 0.15g/0.25g/0.5g/1g/2g



InduCera

Power: S(0.25~1mm) / L:1~2mm Volume: 0.15g /0.25g / 0.5g / 1g



Power: S:0.5~1mm / L:1~2mm Volume: 0.5cc /1cc / 2cc / 5cc



Hemostasis / Absorbable



Atelo Plug

Size: S:8x25mm(5ea) / M:15x25mm(5ea)



AteloCare (Sheet)

Size: 25x75x0.8mm(5ea)



CollaDerm (Plug)

Size: S:8x25mm(5ea) M:15x25mm(5ea)



Colla Tape

Size: 25x75mm(10ea)



Colla Plug

Size: 10x20mm(10ea)



Colla Cote

Size: 10x20mm(10ea)

Membrane



Diadei III W

Size: 15x30mm



Redura

Size: 15x20mm / 20x30mm



Size: 15x30mm



Size: 15x30mm / 15x30mm / 30x40mm



Size: 10x20mm / 20x30mm



Membra-Gen

Size: 15x18mm / 15x25mm





Bio-Gide

Size: 13x25mm / 25x25mm 30x40mm



CGDerm

Size: 10x20mm / 10x40mm 20x20mm / 20x40mm Thickness: 10/20/30



Remaix

Size: 15x20mm / 25x30mm 30x40mm



Bioflexgide

Volume/Size: 10x20mm



Jason Membrane

Volume/Size: 15x20mm / 20x30mm 30x40mm

Membrane / Non Absorbable



Cytoflex TEF-Guard

Size: 12x24mm



Cytoflex Mesh

Size: 25x30mm



Renew Mesh-Ti

Size: 15x22mm / 22x36mm / 44x44mm

TITANIUM-REINFORCED MICRO PORE PTFE MEMBRANE





Instruments System

001 Total Haenaem Bur Set

Brillian for stone St.

Haenaem Bur Kit for Sinus

002

006

Total Sinus Kit

003 Haenaem Bur Kit for Expander



004

111100

The State of State of

007 Crestal Approach Sinus Kit





Double A Guide Kit



Crestal Approach Shure Pro Kit

One Drilling System

009 Total Remove Kit

005



010 Solid Screw Kit for GBR



011Bone Collector Kit



012 V-Bone Collector Kit



013 Initial Kit



014Bone Mill Kit



015 Tissue Punch Kit



016Round Bur Kit



017 Trephine Kit



Total HaeNaem Bur Set



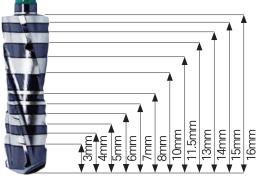
World Patent & Design by HaeNaem

"ZERO" Bone Loss Drill

Sinus Auto Grafting/Ridge Expansion/ D4->D2 Bone densification at once with simple drilling



- 1. Maxillary Sinus Autografting is secure only by Drilling
- 2. Improves bone density from D4 to D2 which is weak due to drilling
- 3. Excellent Ridge expansion effect only by drilling
- 4. Improves bone density from D4 to D2 which is weak bone density by drilling.
- 5. Safe surgical operation is possible due to the clockwise drilling like the normal drill.
- 6. Easier and safer operation using the stoppers.







Comparative experiment

1) Drilling test in D3 Bone block



Normal Drill

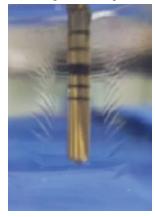
The bone particles are discharged to the opposite side way (Back side).



Haenaem Bur Drill

The bone particles gather in the front direction and densification occurs.

2) Liquid experiment

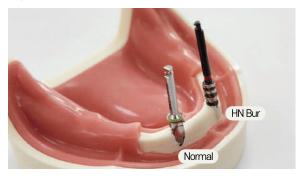




Normal Drill

Haenaem Bur Drill

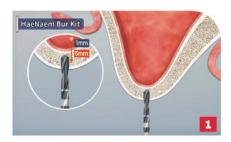
3) Normal Drill / Haenaem Bur Drill





Normal: Side perforation HN Bur: Expansion without side perforation.

Easy & Simple Operation













Sinus

PILOT DRILL







- A structure in which 70% of the force is transmitted in the traveling direction and 30% of the force is transmitted in the lateral direction.
- Sinus Autografting / Bone quality improvement possible only by drilling.
- During drilling, the remaining bones and cell lines rise to the maxilla at the same time as the maxillary sinus and lower cartilage are perforated.

<Clinical Data> -----

1) No.16 Sinus Lift











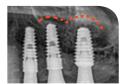
2) No.15, 16 Sinus Lift immediately after extraction











3) No.14, 15 Sinus Lift immediately after extraction











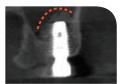
4) No.6 Sinus Lift immediately after extraction



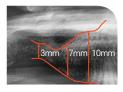






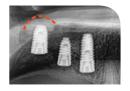


5) No.4, 5, 6 Sinus Lift











Expander ——

• PILOT DRILL







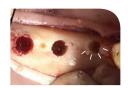
- A structure in which 20% of the force is transmitted in the traveling direction and 80% of the force is transmitted in the lateral direct
- Excellent Ridge Expansion effect in narrow alveolar bone, extraction and septum only by drilling.
 →Improved bone density from weak D4 to D2 bone.
- The drill does not slip during drilling, so the foresight of surgery is high.

<Clinical Data> ------

1) Expander











2) Septum Expander Case 1









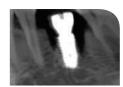


3) Septum Expander Case 2











4) Septum Expander Case 3











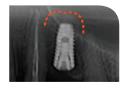
5) Septum Expander Case 4











Residual bone 5mm+4.0 Drilling sequence for implant placement



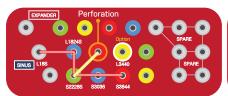
* All drilling should be based on pumping movements that repeat Up and Down and sense of pushing bones.

Drilling sequence by fixture size

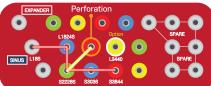
Drilling RPM	600~1200 RPM (600 RPM when proceed perforation of cartilage bone)		
Using Artificial Bone	Water OFF with Final Drill, RPM 50~100		
Normal Bone	Drilling sequence		
Soft Bone	Drilling sequence		
Hard Bone	After drilling to half of the next optional drill, place the fixture		

[1] Sinus sequence

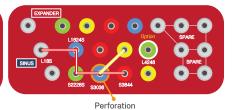
1) 4.0 fixture Placement



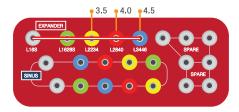
2) 4.5 fixture Placement



3) 5.0 fixture Placement



[2] Expander sequence





Review

Kang Yik Je (Director of NY dental surgery)

Although I have used many kits, Haenaem Kit is a convenient kit that can improve bone quality as well as fast speed and stability.

It has already been more than 10 years since the development of various devices for the height adjustment

in Korea, and it is thought that it is a product that brings

together the advantages of various devices and adds convenience to use.

Jo Jae Beom (Director of Rooted dental surgery)

Many directors complain of discomfort and fear among implant surgery, especially in maxillary sinus lift surgery.

I also used several equipment to solve this. After meeting Haenamber, my surgery became simple and comfortable.

It is recommended to try it without worrying.

Kim Si Seok (Director of Rooted dental surgery)

The Osseodensification method makes the Sinus procedure very simple. In particular, I think the biggest advantage is that the Crestal Approach can be operated without burden even forpatients with few remaining bones, and that bone densification can be induced without bone loss.

Park Hyoung Mok (Director of Soo San dental surgery)

As a result of performing maxillary sinus lift using the Hanamber kit, bone loss was small and membrane perforation in the maxillary sinus rarely occurred, so membrane lifting was easy without applying external force. It is a product that I would like to recommend because it is possible to perform a lift with only autogenous bone without using different bones.

Jo Seung Heon (Director of Saint dental surgery)

Due to its unique design, Hanamber has the characteristic that bone chips that have been removed during drilling are not removed from the outside, but into the drilling hole. This makes it easier to obtain initial fixation by increasing the bone density by increasing the bone density, or if the maxillary sinus is slightly perforated, the bone chip is inserted into the maxillary sinus during drilling, enabling safe maxillary sinus elevation. In addition, since the drilling is quiet and quiet, it is a great help to maintain the path, and when using other drills, thin bone fragments pop out and the direction of the next drilling or when planting a fixture may change.

On the other hand, It is remarkable for decreases such a risk by using Haenaem Bur. The design of the preparation surface is also important, and the degree of tapering of the drill seems to affect it. Since the first use of Haenaem Bur Kit, the use of implant manufacturers' drills has been significantly reduced.

There is no longer a need to use other maxillary sinus kits.

I recommend you try it out.

Woo Dong Hyup (Director of Boston dental surgery)

The Haenaem Bur Kit maximizes the merits by separating the bone expansion Bur and the maxillary sinus Bur by use, and eliminates mistakes due to rotation direction as a familiar surgeon does not change the implant engine settings through forward drilling. Bone quality is enhanced by bone densification, so even when bone quality is poor, loading time can be accelerated, and autogenous bone transplantation through Crestal Approach enables safe surgery such as less swelling and pain reduction after surgery. In addition, it has a safe bone expansion function through a drill specialized in the narrow bone width of the mandible.

I think this kit is a product that can change the game of existing implant procedures.



Essence Tip

- 1. During drilling with Haenaem Bur, "Up & Down" pumping motion is mandatory.

 To maximize the densification effect by creating pressure inside as well as naturally pushing the cut particles inward.
- 2. Must be perforation of the lower cartilage bone with "L263S"
- 3, Basic sequence until perforation (You must proceed in this sequence)
 L18S -> L1824S -> S2228S -> L2632S

We have only 7 kind of stopper sleeve drills as L16S, S18S, L18S, L1628S, L1824S, S2228S, L2632S.

It is indicated with white dot on the kit.

Because the 7 kind drills only using for perforation. After perforation of lower cartilage bone, you can drilling until final size without risk. That is reason why we don't make stopper sleeve to big size drills.

4. Example based on 6mm remaining bone,

L18S (Under 2mm) - L1824S (Under 1mm) - S2228S (Under 1mm) - L2632S (Perforation)

- Depth Gauge

@ If doesn't perforate -> L2632S (+1mm over)

"It is very important to catch the feeling transmitted to the hand when it is perforate.

Typical feeling: momentarily, the resistance of the force applied to the drill weakens, and the feeling of being pushed easily."

5. The synergistic effect is even better when our kit is used in parallel with the existing surgical method used.

EX1)

Perforation with Haenaem Bur -> Sinus lifting with water elevation -> Haenaem Bur as final drill Ex2)

Osteotome with mallet (Under 1mm) -> Haenaem Bur for sinus lifting -> Haenaem Bur as final drill



Essence Tip

- 6. When using bone powder supplement, the Haenaem Bur Drill (RPM50 without irrigation) allows you to easily push the substances inward.
- 7. Due to the nature of the drill, the water injected is also naturally sucked into the drilling inside

like cut bone particles, so the watering effect is very good, so the densified bones are not damaged.

8. Excellent the power for keeping path.

No slipping of the drilling towards the weak bone.

Therefore, even in a difficult position (outside), the side wall does not burst and can be safely drilling at the desired location

9. Recommend 600 ~ 1200 RPM.

When perforation (On "L2632S"), we recommend 600 RPM for beginner.

For the other drills, they can use 800 ~ 1200 RPM base on their skill.

10. Must be clockwise rotation.

If they use our drill with counterclockwise, The drill will be high cutting performance. This is very dangerous, and you need to be careful.

- 11. It is recommended to use a stopper for first-time users during maxillary Sinus case.
- 12. It is possible to drill without breaking the side wall on the septum part, such as in cases to be implanted together with the tooth extraction.
- 13. After 2~5 surgical experiences are accumulated for the first user, most of them combine their technique + Haenaem Bur so that the operation is very convenient and quick. Although little experience is required, The more skilled the operator, the greater the productivity and usability over and over.



HaeNaem Bur Kit for Sinus Lifting



• PILOT DRILL



• SINUS DRILL (600~1200 RPM, 600 RPM when proceed perforation of catilage bone)



- A structure in which 70% of the force is transmitted in the traveling direction and 30% of the force is transmitted in the lateral direction.
- Sinus Autografting / Bone quality improvement possible only by drilling.
- During drilling, the remaining bones and cell lines rise to the maxilla at the same time as the maxillary sinus and lower cartilage are perforated.

Highlight

Easy & Safety maxillary sinus autografting
Early fixture fixation on general implant placement
Enhance bone density for poor bone quality through bone condensing
Pain / Swelling / Recovery Period Reduction

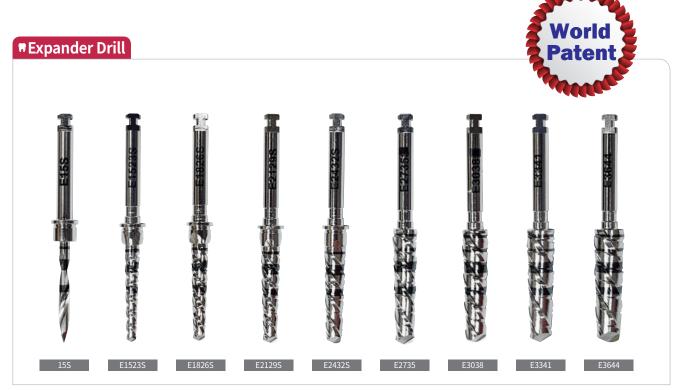
- 1. Depending upon the implant type and diameter, begin with the narrowest haenaem bur(L1824S) with repeatedly bouncing-pumping motion (RPM600~1200)
- 2. As the next haenaem bur in the osteotomy, bone will be pushed toward the apical end and will begin to gently lift the membrane and autogaft bone.
- 3. Use the sequential "Zero Bone Loss Drill" with repeatedly bouncing-pumping motion to achieve maximum membrane lift of 3mm and reach final desired width for implant placement.



HaeNaem Bur Kit For Expander

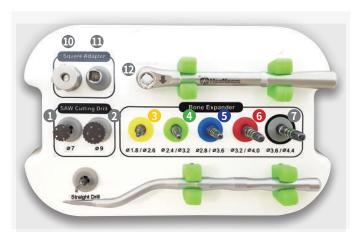


- 1. When drilling with the world-patented bone densification drill "Haenaem bur", No bone loss & overflow occurs.
- 2. Haenaem bur (Expander Drill) expands and densifies bones at once by drilling.
- 3. The septum is naturally formed without perforation by drilling.
- 4. It is very safe and easy to place an implant in a location that requires expansion of the septum by using stopper



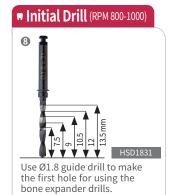


Bone Expander Kit



- 1. Increase satisfactory of implant surgery through reducing the pain by minimize the flap open with this system.
- 2. Done by one drilling for one implant system.
- 3. Easy to get the path, no bone heat.









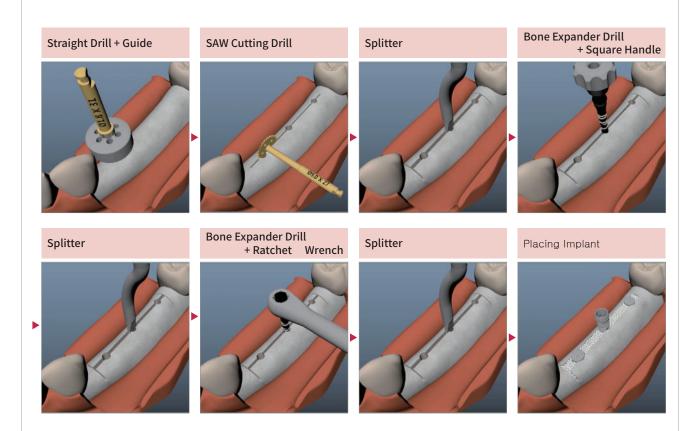








Direction for Use



- 1. Use the straight drill (HSD1831) to locate implant to be placed.
- 2. Use SAW Cutting Drill (HSW70/HSW90) on the very narrow ridge bone and split bone a little bit.
- 3. To help bone expanding easier, put the splitter(HRS) using malleting inside ridge and hold the handle of the splitter and then move it front and back carefully to expanding.
- 4. Expand the hole by using the bone expander drill (HBE1826) with the square handle (SH).
- 5. To help bone expanding easier, put the splitter (HRS) using malleting inside ridge and hold the handle of the splitter and then move it front and back carefully to expanding.
- **6.** Expand the hole by using the bone expander drill (HBE2432/HBE2836/HBE3240/HBE3644) with the square handle (SH) and/or the ratchet wrench (HRW).
- **7.** Repeat ③~⑥ to expand the hole.
- 8. Place implant.



Double A Guide Kit



- 1. Each Accurate Guide is equipped with six irrigation holes, making it very easy to irrigate for drilling.
- 2. There are two guide drills in the kit to make it longer use.
- 3. Three retention holes can restored even if the fastening parts of the Accurate Guide and Guide Drill are loosened.

* Accurate Guide



- 1. Can make an accurate guide for location to place an implant.
 2. Irrigation hole makes it convenient for drilling to prevent bone heating

™ Accurate Pin



- 1. Use for implant placement of two or more at the same time.
- 2. Easy to get exact positions and

Guide Drill (RPM 500-1200)



- position connecting with the Accurate
- 2. Two-step structure.

▼ Lindemann Drill (RPM 500-1200)



Bone Trimmer



- 1. Easy to organize implant placement position after tooth/ teeth extraction.
- 2. Easy to clean up the alveolar bone area.

Tissue Punch



- 1. Easy removal of tissues during flapless operation.
- 2. Precisely deleting only the surrounding tissue with centered on the hole created by the guide drill.



Direction for Use

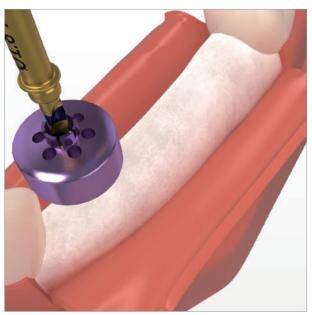
- Select the Accurate Guide of the appropriate size by visually checking the interference with the adjacent tooth of the implant placement site and appropriate gap.
- 2. Fasten up to the first step of Guide Drill in Accurate Guide
- **3.** Attach the fastened Accurate Guide and Guide Drill to the hand-piece.
- **4.** Hand-piece set to $45 \sim 55 \text{ Ncm} / 500 \sim 1200 \text{RPM}$
- 5. Check the position of the alveolar bone to be drilled and gently close the side of the Accurate Guide to the side of the adjacent tooth or Accurate Pin.



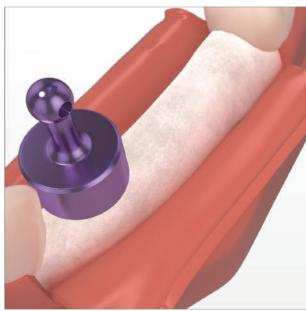
6. Use both hands to prevent deviation from the target point and path.(Hold the Accurate Guide with the other hand)



7. Begin drilling with irrigation.



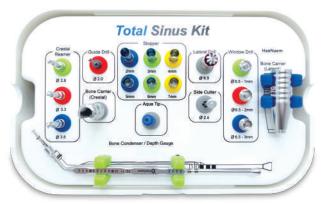
8. Insert Accurate Pin with the same size into the hole created after drilling.



- **9.** Repeat steps 1 through 7 as needed.
- **10.** Be careful not to separate Accurate Guide and Guide Drill during use.



Total Sinus Kit





- 1. The way of most advanced safe and simple for all of sinus lift operation
- 2. This is able to provide two ways of the sinus lift operation (Crestal approach / Lateral approach)
- 3. Excellent in safety, simple operation and visual convenience for the sinus lift





the membrane















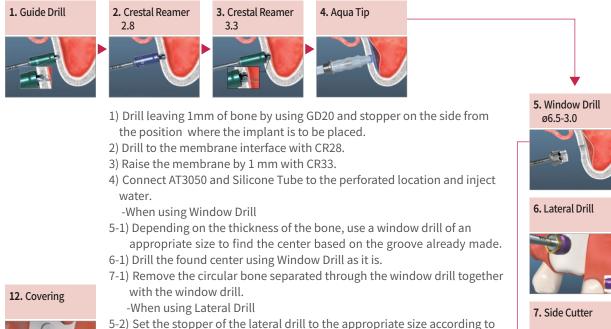




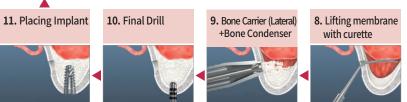
Direction for Use

The Lateral Drill is kind of reamer for perforation with depth guide stopper. The stopper of Lateral drill can be adjust depth level for more safe drilling.

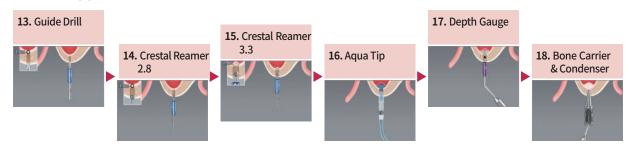
<Lateral Approach Sinus Lift>



- 5-2) Set the stopper of the lateral drill to the appropriate size according to the thickness of the bone
- 6-2) Drill the bone with a properly set Lateral Drill.
- 7-2) If necessary, use Side Cutter to widen or trim the perforated bone.



<Crestal Approach Sinus Lift>



- 1) Using GD20, designate the location to be drilled on the site where the implant is to be placed.
- 2) Attach a stopper (SSTP 020~070) of an appropriate size according to the thickness of the affected area with the crestal reamer (SRD28, SRD33, SRD38).
- 3) Drill to the position where the membrane of the maxillary sinus is raised by 1mm with the clamped crestal reamer.
- 4) Attach a silicon tube to AT3050 to raise the membrane to an appropriate position.
- 5) Fill the raised space with artificial bones or autogenous bones using BCL and BCC.
- 6) Place the implant.



Crestal Approach Sinus Pro Kit

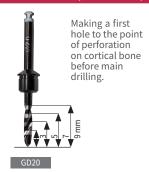


- 1. The way of most advanced safe and simple for all of sinus lift operation
- 2. This is able to provide two ways of the sinus lift operation (Crestal approach / Lateral approach)
- 3. Excellent in safety, simple operation and visual convenience for the sinus lift

▼ Point Drill (RPM 400-500)



Guide Drill (RPM 800-1200)



■ Agua Tip-Elevation



▼ Silicone Tube



Elevation in order to inject the saline solution

Agua Tip - Dual Action



- 1. Bone and membrane can be separated easily by omitting the saline solution in both directions at the same
- 2. You can lift the separated membrane directly with the top part made of silicon as well.
- 3. Designed to make it easy to lift the membrane, it has a world patent.

Sinus R Drill (RPM 200-400)



2. The rounded tip of drills minimizes damage to the membrane during the operation

Bone Carrier



Inserting the bone graft inside of the maxillary sinus with the bone pusher

▼ Bone Pusher / Depth Gauge



- 1. Measure the elevated depth of the membrane through the band marking and using stoppers
- 2. To push the bone graft to inside of the maxillary sinus

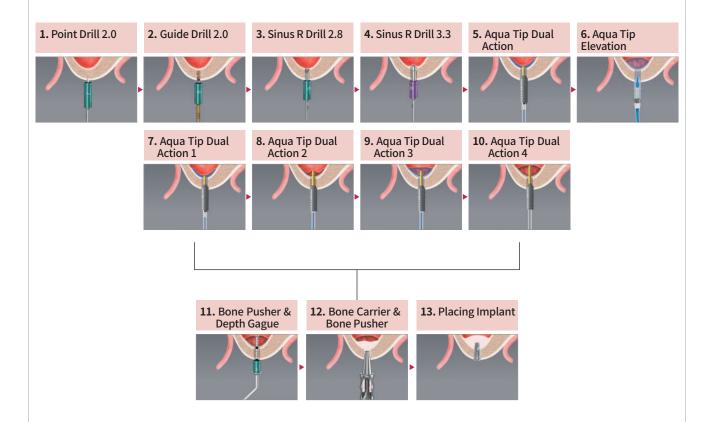
Stopper



- 1. Connecting with a drill to drill to the same length of the cartilage height of maxillary sinus which is measured by CT
- 2. Connecting with the depth gauge to measure the depth of the elevated membrane



Direction for Use



- 1. Using PD20 and GD20, designate the drilling position in the area where the implant is to be placed.
- 2. Connect the Sinus R Drill (SRD28, SRD31, SRD33, SRD36, SRD38, SRD41) to the appropriate size stopper (SSTP020~100) according to the thickness of the affected area.
- 3. Drill to the position where the membrane of the maxillary sinus is raised by 1mm with the fastened Sinus R Drill.
- **4.** Aqua Tip Connect the Silicone Tube to Dual Action (ATDA), insert it into the perforated affected area, and inject water to separate the membrane and bone.
- **5.** Aqua Tip Connect the Silicone Tube to the elevation (AT3050), insert it into the perforated affected area, and inject water to elevate the membrane to an appropriate position.
- 6. Fill the raised space with artificial bone or autologous bone using BCC and DG0315.
- **7.** Place the implant



One Drilling System Kit



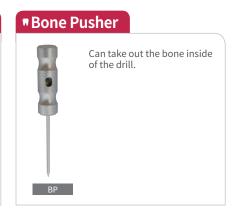
- 1. Increase satisfactory of implant surgery through reducing the pain by minimize the flap open with this system.
- 2. Done by one drilling for one implant system.
- 3. Easy to get the path, no bone heat .
- 4. Able to collect self-generated bone.



The drill is made ergonomically and provide not only safe drilling but also the size of implant you would like in one drilling instead of drilling many times.

- < The benefit of one drill >
- 1. Able to make the implant size in one drilling.
- 2. No bone heat.
- 3. Able to collect self-bone.
- 4. Big save of the surgery time.











a flute part.



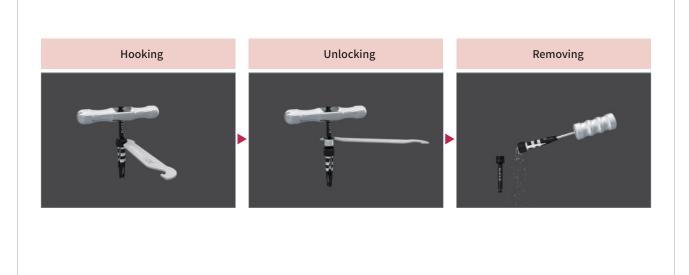


Direction for Use

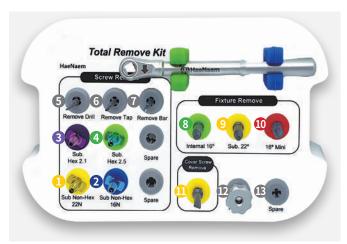


- 1. Use the guide drill (GD3248) to be careful on the slippery strong bone surface after minimized flap opening.
- 2. Use the one drill of the same size drill according to the implant size you would like to place.
- **3.** Check the depth with the bone remover (BR2116). If the depth is not deep enough, use the bone remover to remove the leftover bone with stopper.
- **4.** In case of when you find out very hard bone (D1 or D2 bone), you may use one size bigger drill and put it in half only after using the same size drill of the implant size. In case of when you find out very soft bone, you may use one size smaller drill than the implant size.

■ How to Remove Bone Chip & Cleaning



Total Remove Kit



Most easy way to remove broken screw & fixture by using Total Remove Kit.

***** Screw Remove Part

 $Implant\ Guide\ \ Using\ screw\ remove\ drill/tap/bar\ depend\ on\ situation\ in\ reverse\ side\ to\ remove\ broken\ screw\ with\ guide.$









***** Fixture Remove Part

Fixture Remove



Using fixture remove take fixture and then reverse side to remove fixture by attached ratchet wrench and adapter.



▼ Cover Screw Remove



Using cover screw remover when you find difficulty to open the closing screw.



Instruments

Square Adapter



Hand tool to use fixture remove for handy type.



Square Ratchet Wrench



Hand tool to use fixture remove for high torque.



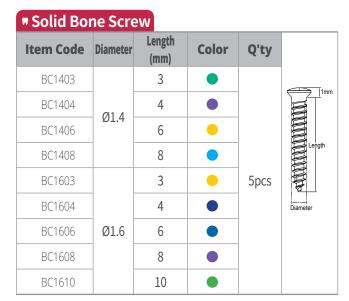


Solid Screw Kit For GBR









# Solid Bo	ne Tac				
Item Code	Diameter	Length (mm)	Color	Q'ty	Diameter 0.78
BT2535	Ø2.5	3.5		10pcs	Length
BT2545		4.5			

* Dome Screw								
Item Code	Diameter	Length (mm)	Color	Q'ty	Diameter			
DS1511	Ø5.0	11		4pcs	Length #15			
DS1509		9						
DS1507		7						















Bone Collector Kit



- 1. The point shape of bone chip maker drills specially designed to collect a lot of bone.
- 2. The shape of bone chip maker drills and the stoppers minimize bone loss.
- 3. At the beginning, strongly recommends that you use 5mm stoppers.
- 4. Designed to fill collecting bone inside of the bone chip maker by drilling once.
- 5. A short drilling can prevent bone necrosis



Highlight

- 1. Choose appropriate bone chip maker drill and stopper in accordance with the size of bone collecting area.
- 2. Attach the first part of 5mm stopper to the bone chip maker drill.
- 3. Start drilling with 1cc of irrigation (Recommended 500RPM).
- 4. Make sure the status of bone collecting with the stopper fully attached.









V-Bone Collector Set



- 1. Provides a smooth drilling experience based on excellent cutting effect.
- 2. It is possible to visually check the amount to be collected with a transparent cap designed with elasticity, and a large amount of bone can be collected easily and conveniently.
- 3. Easy cleaning and storage with easy attachment and detachment of drill and cap.

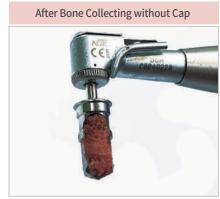
Highlight

- 1. Attach the cap to the drill and fix it to the handpiece.
- 2. Drill until the middle part of the cap protrudes (depth about 5mm).
- 3. When bone collection is complete, remove the cap and transfer the contents to a separate storage container and repeat the same sequence according to the required amount.
- * Cap can be sterilized.

The Components 6.0mm BC60









#013 Initial Kit



- 1. Product that contain only initial drills that can be used for almost implant brands and shapes.
- 2. Provide 5 stoppers for drilling as an appropriate depth.
- 3. This can reduce the burden on purchasing the implant surgical kit.



Highlight

- 1. Point Drill: Using a Point Drill to indicate starting point for placement implant.
- 2. Initial Drill : This is the drill to expand right after guide drill.
- 3. Lindemann Drill : This can change the direction of the implant bed and widen the implant bed a little bit.
- 4. Bone Trimmer: Flattening / Trimming / Removing of hard tissue, tooth and bone.





Bone Mill Kit



- 1. The guide assembly type drill makes it convenient to combine/disconnect the guide, and it is easy to clean and store.
- 2. No damage to the conical taper inside the Fixture because the guide support does not rotate during drilling.
- 3. Solve foundation hole creation and bone mill at once with only drilling using a combination drill





™ Bone Mill Guide Narrow



If the abutment cannot be properly fixed due to the interference of adjacent bones during the fastening of the abutment after fixture placement, the bone mill guide is drilled at a low speed of less than 100rpm to gradually cut the excess bones around the implantation area.

Bone Mill Guide Regular



If the abutment cannot be properly fixed due to the interference of adjacent bones during the fastening of the abutment after fixture placement, the bone mill guide is drilled at a low speed of less than 100rpm to gradually cut the excess bones around the implantation area.

■ Peanut Trimmer



Peanut Trimmer can be used flexibly without affecting from the location and angle etc.

Bone Trimmer



Flattening / Trimming / Removing of hard gingiva, tooth and bone.



Tissue Punch Kit





- 1. A-Type: Before drilling, these can be used to take out the tissue.
- 2. B-Type: These can be used for same time to take out the tissue and make a 5mm guide hole.
- 3. C-Type: These can remove the tissue and there is no need extra action to remove residual tissue.



Highlight

- 1. Choose an appropriate component in accordance with the size of implant placement.
- 2. When you choose an appropriate component, you can choose B-type if you would like to make a guide hole.
- 3. Remove tissue with irrigation by using hand-piece



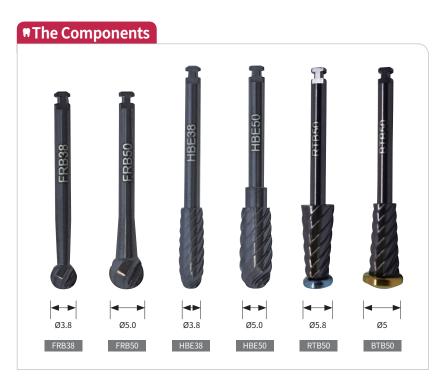






Round Bur Kit



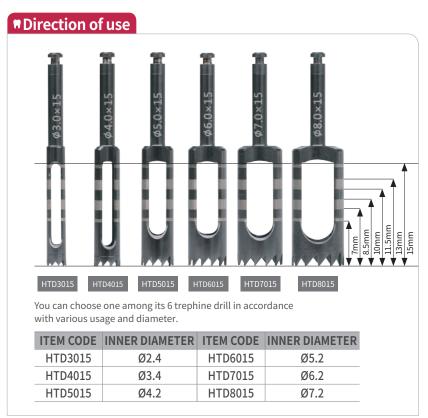


#017

Trephine Kit



















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